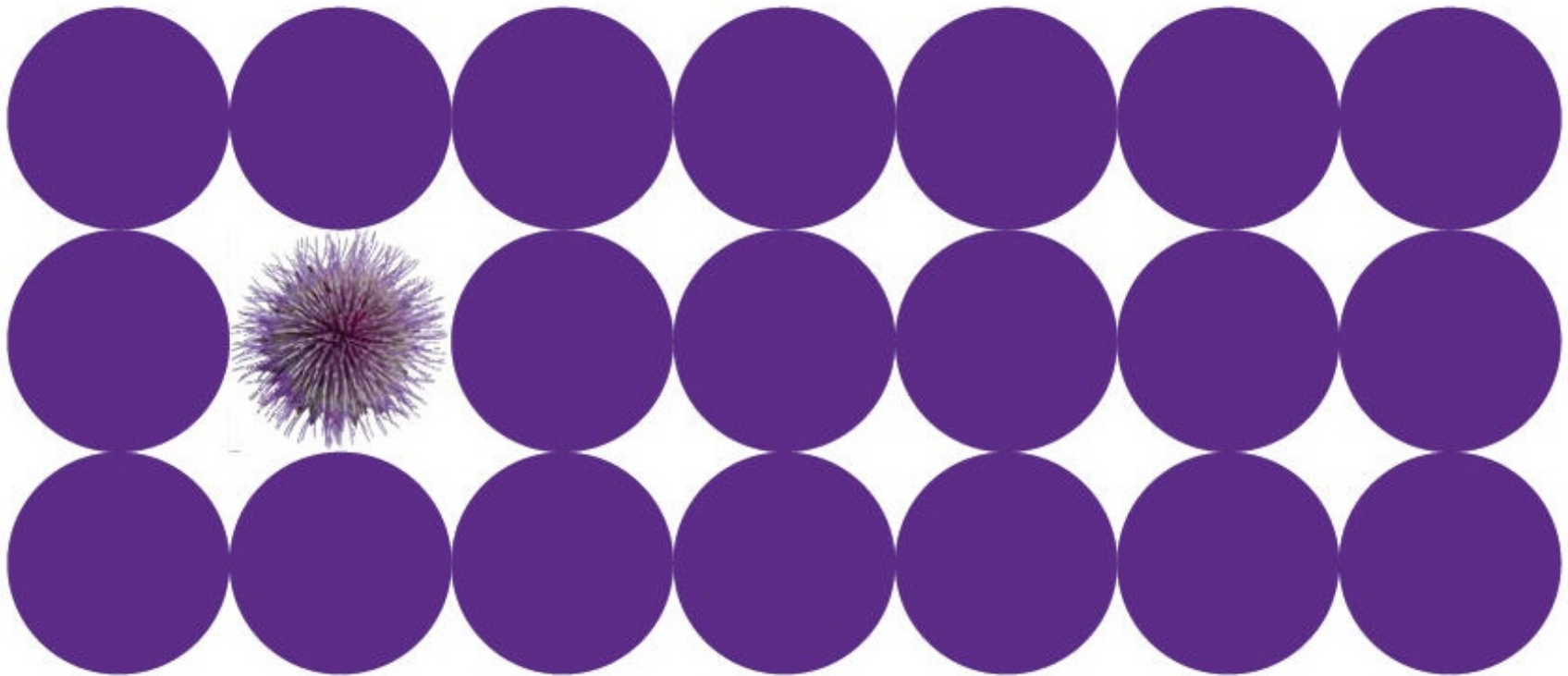


Climate Envelopes for contemporary Architecture – Developing Zero Emission Buildings



Dr.-Ing. Werner Jager
September 5th, 2012

EU Road Map to ZEB



EU provisions to apply in country
1.1. / 1.7.2013

Country intermediate nZEB targets
EPBD review
1.1.2017

Public buildings nZEB
31.12.2018

All buildings nZEB
31.12.2020

- EU Target: nZEB near Zero Energy Building
- definition: *very high energy efficient building near zero, the energy consumed to be covered to a significant extent by renewables including on-site/nearby production*
- methodology: holistic building approach, up to Member States to define levels and details

- New criteria: "cost-optimal solution"
- definition: *lowest cost over entire life time (energy investment, gains, earnings etc.)*
- methodology: EU frame under work till mid-2011, details left to Member States

- Forecast
 - **Countries to develop national nZEB road maps and action plans during 2011 + 2012**
 - **Taking off of nZEB requirements before 2015 and gradually increase towards the 2020 targets**

Energy Consumption to operate

Actions needed:

- a. Highly insulated building envelope (Passivehouse Standard)
- b. Effective sun protection system – exterior, adjustable
- c. Heat reflection/ heat capture/ heat storage – passive
- d. Natural ventilation whenever possible – night cooling
- e. Double skin – Breating Facade solutions
- f. Integrate solar gaining systems - active.





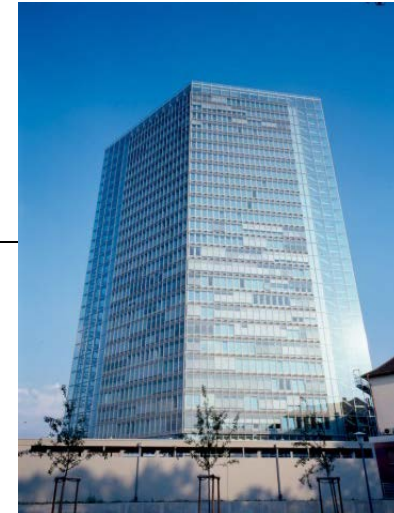
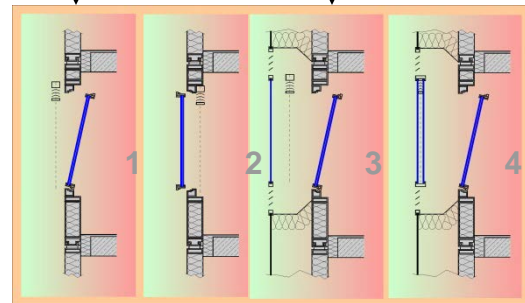
The Building Envelope

Impact of the Building Envelope

1° Celsius lower room temperature can reduce the cooling load by 5 to 10% annually.



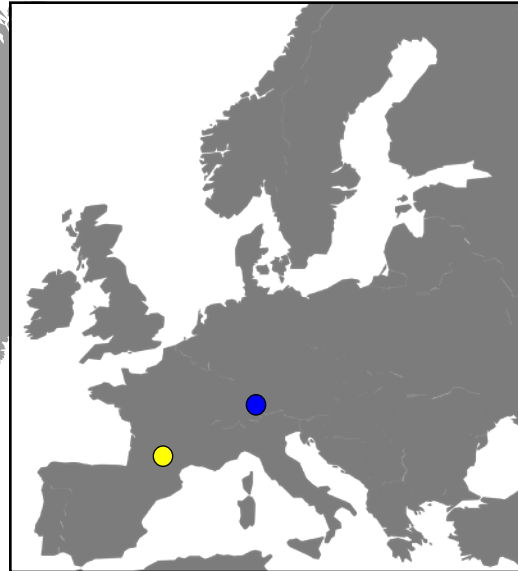
Building Envelopes in Comparison



Outdoor Test Facilities – e.g. Toulouse

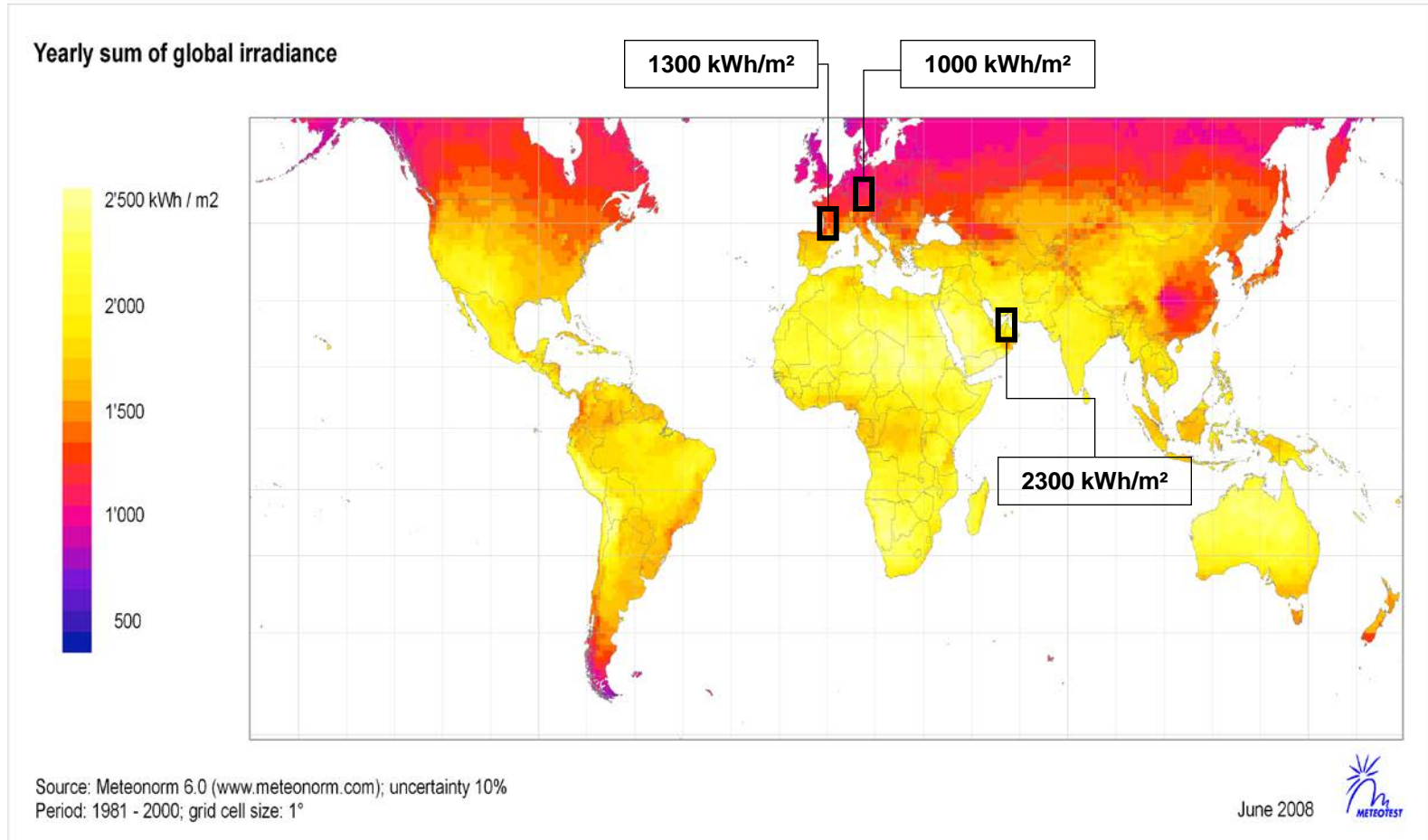


Green Labs Test Centre Network



- Lab SOLAR
- Lab ENVELOPE
- Lab GREEN

HBS Research Centres – Cross check the numerical Simulations



Outdoor Test Facilities – e.g. Bellenberg

Comparison measurements between Reference (1) and Variations (2,3,4)



Envelope test rig

Surface test rig

Calibration Box

Sensor equipment



CO₂ - Injection

Room Temperatures

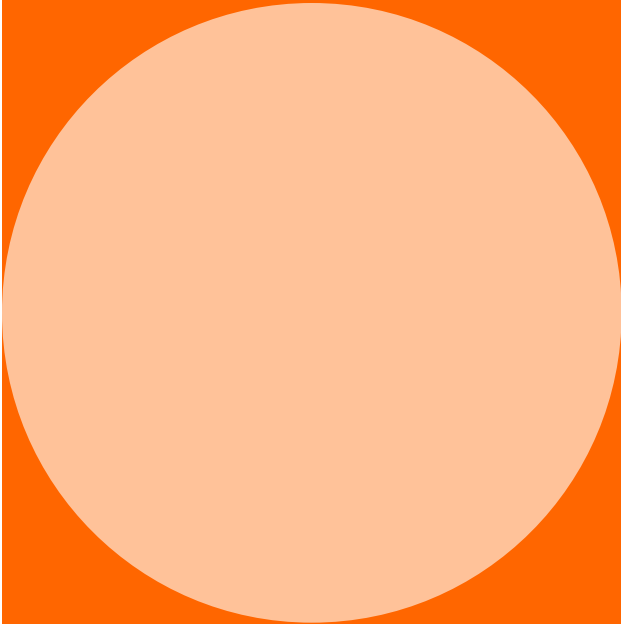
Surface Temperatures



Air Velocity

Solar Radiation

Gas Chromatograph



InventSkin

ZEB Technology

Overheating – challenging opportunities

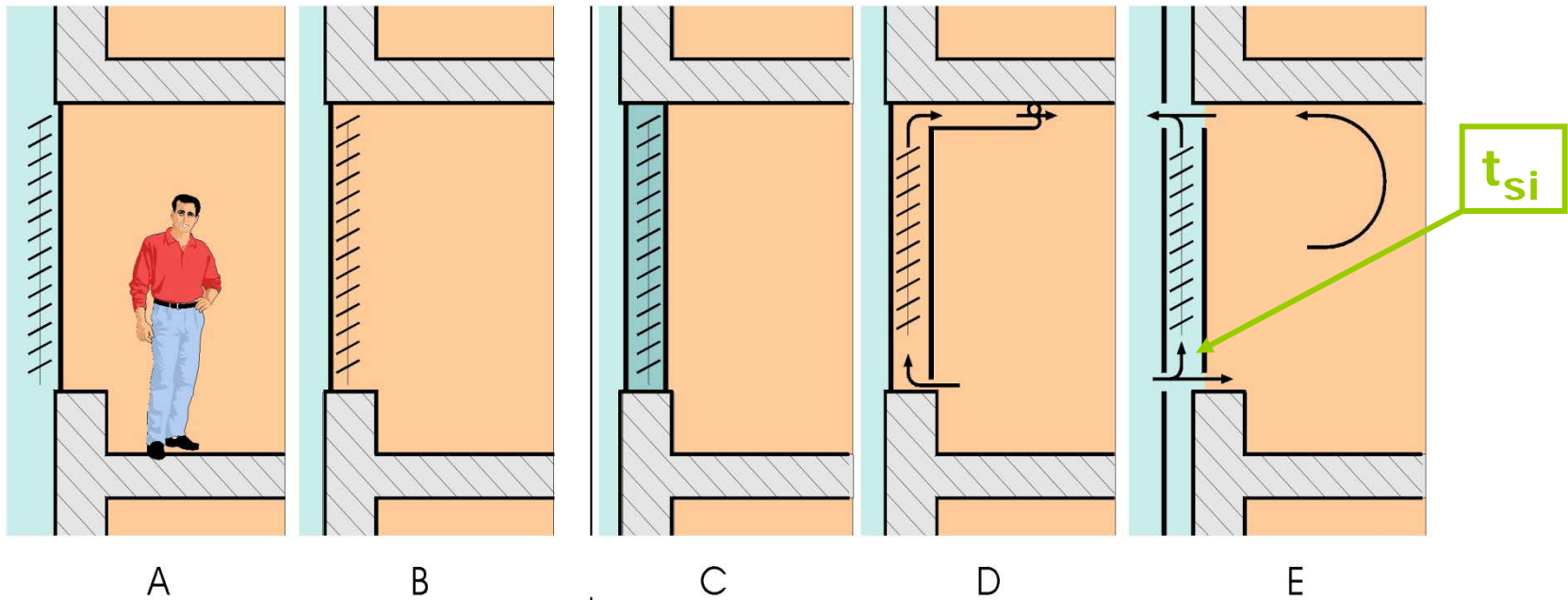


How to deal with overheating?



Endessa HQ, E-Madrid

Sun Protection



A/B. Single Skin window and facades

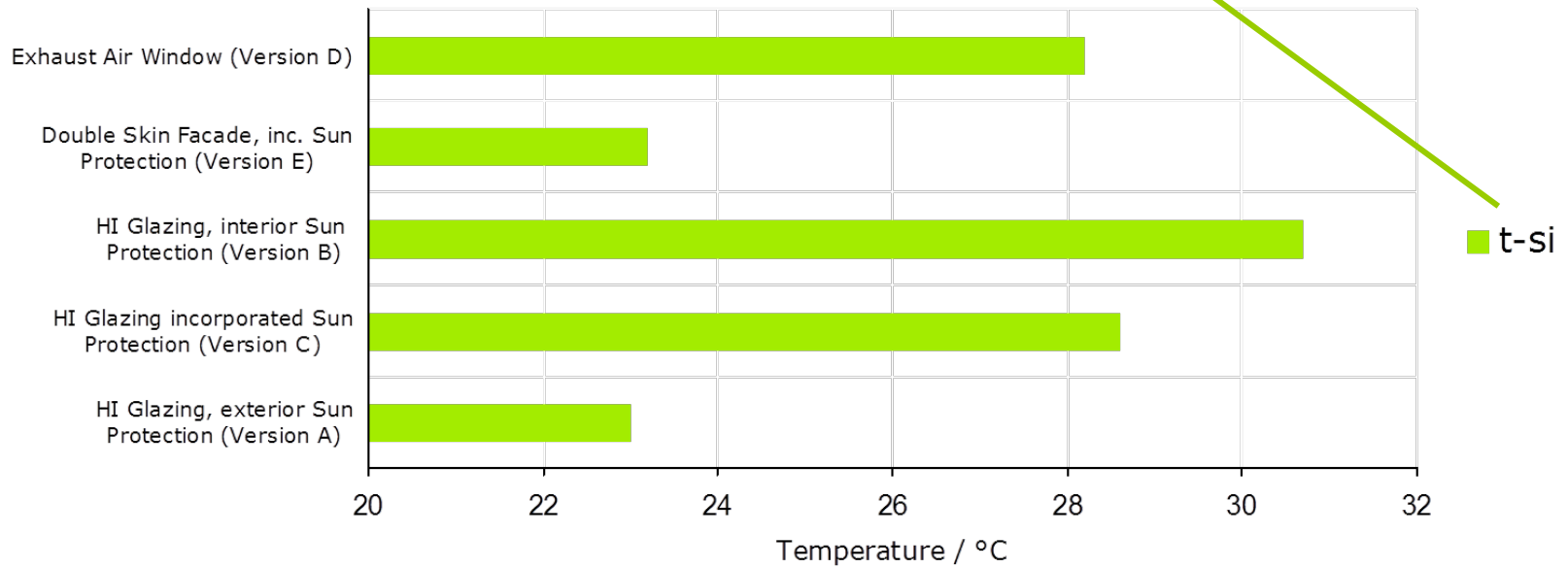
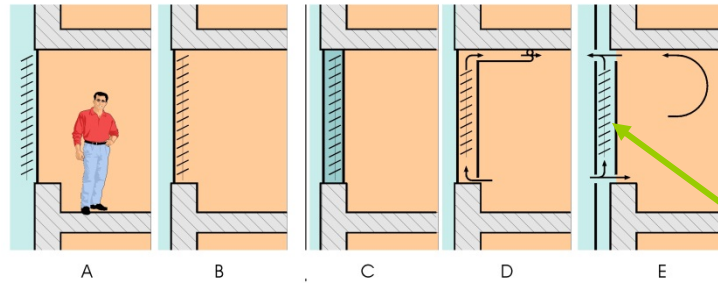
D. Exhaust air Window

C. Box and Coupled Windows

E. Double Skin Facade

Sun protection

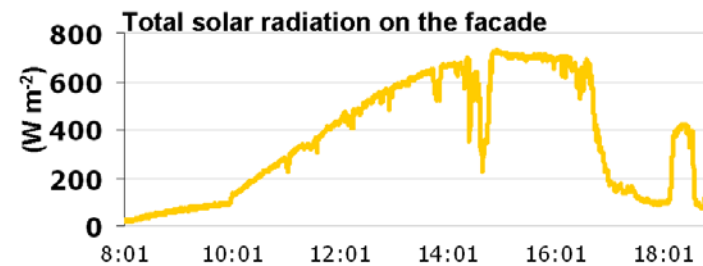
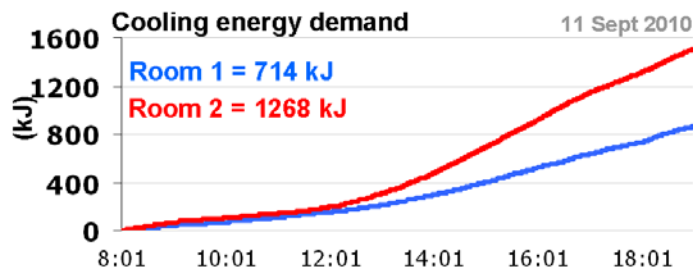
Results



Sun protection



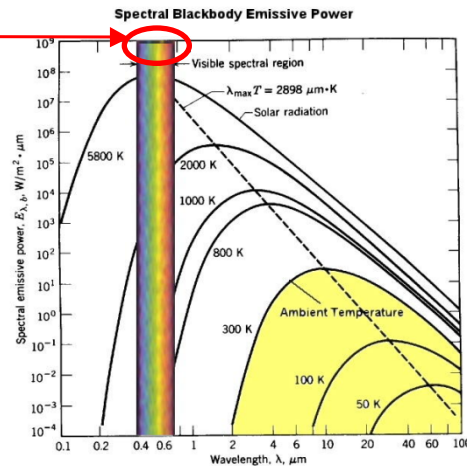
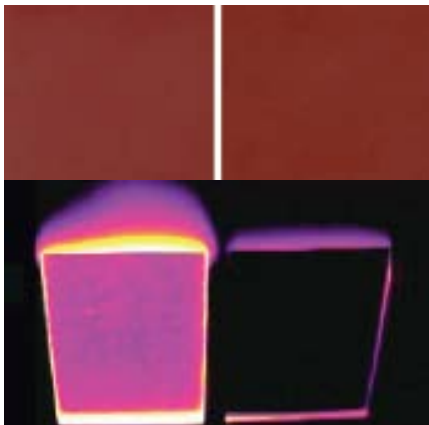
Up to 43% cooling energy savings with Brise Soleil



InventSkin[®] – Hydro's Powder Coatings

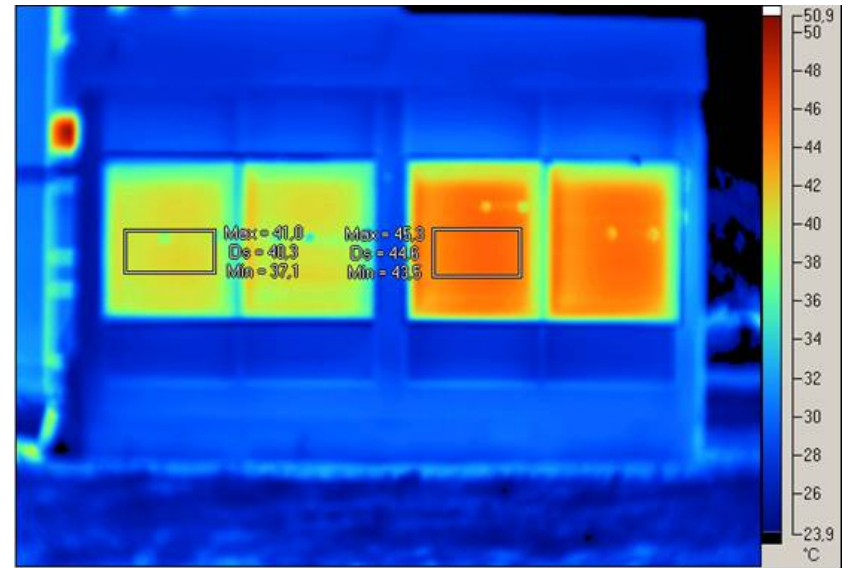
Hydro's Low Absorption Coatings

- Reflect sunlight
- Reduce cooling energy demand by up to 30%



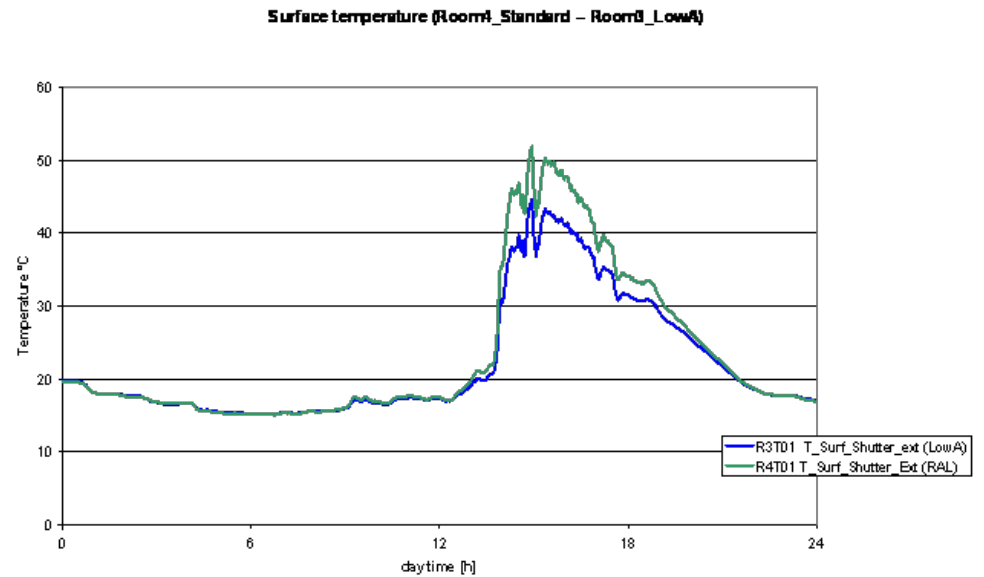
Sun protection

Measurement of HBS Low A Powder coatings



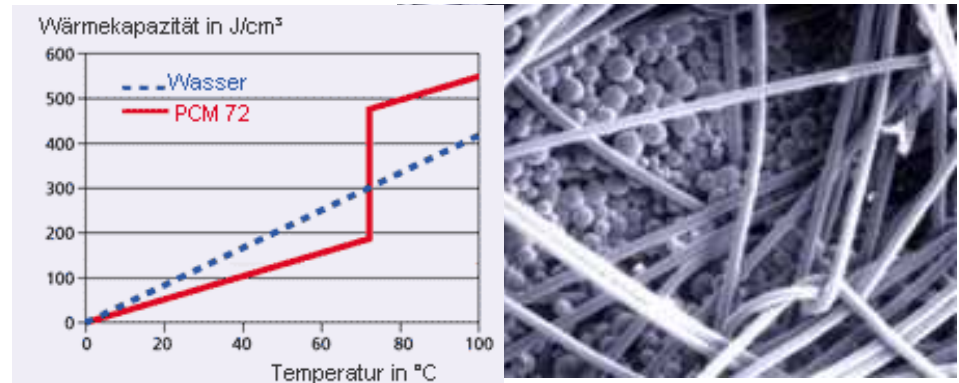
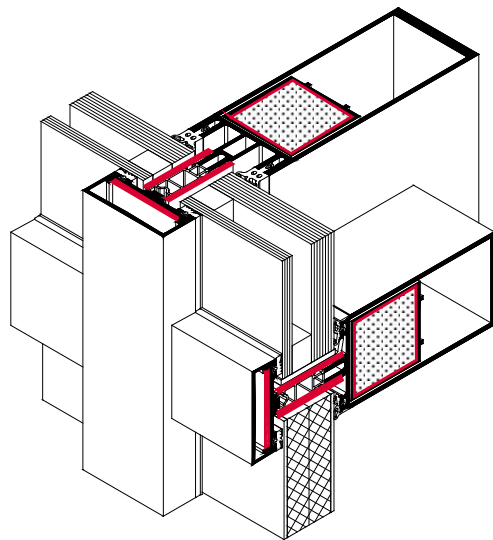
Sun protection

Measurement of HBS Low A Powder coatings



Energy Storage

Phase Change Material (PCM) in Curtain Wall

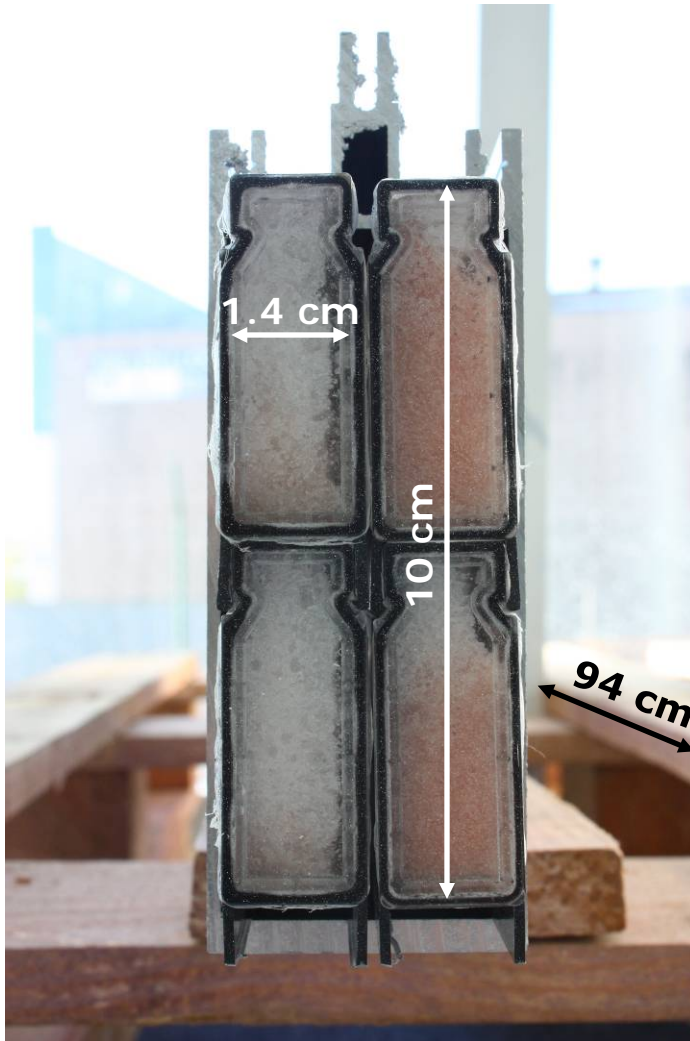


Application:

PCM in aluminium construction stores 3000 Wh thermal Energy or 300 W per 100 kg PCM.

A 3 m tall aluminium profile can host ~ 30 kg PCM.

Energy Storage - Measurement



Theoretical (approximated)

$$\text{Volume} = 1.4 \times 2 \times 10 \times 94 \times 8 = 21056 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\text{Mass} = 21.056 \times 1.5 = 31.58 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Latent heat of fusion} = 31.58 \times 158 = 4990 \text{ kJ}$$

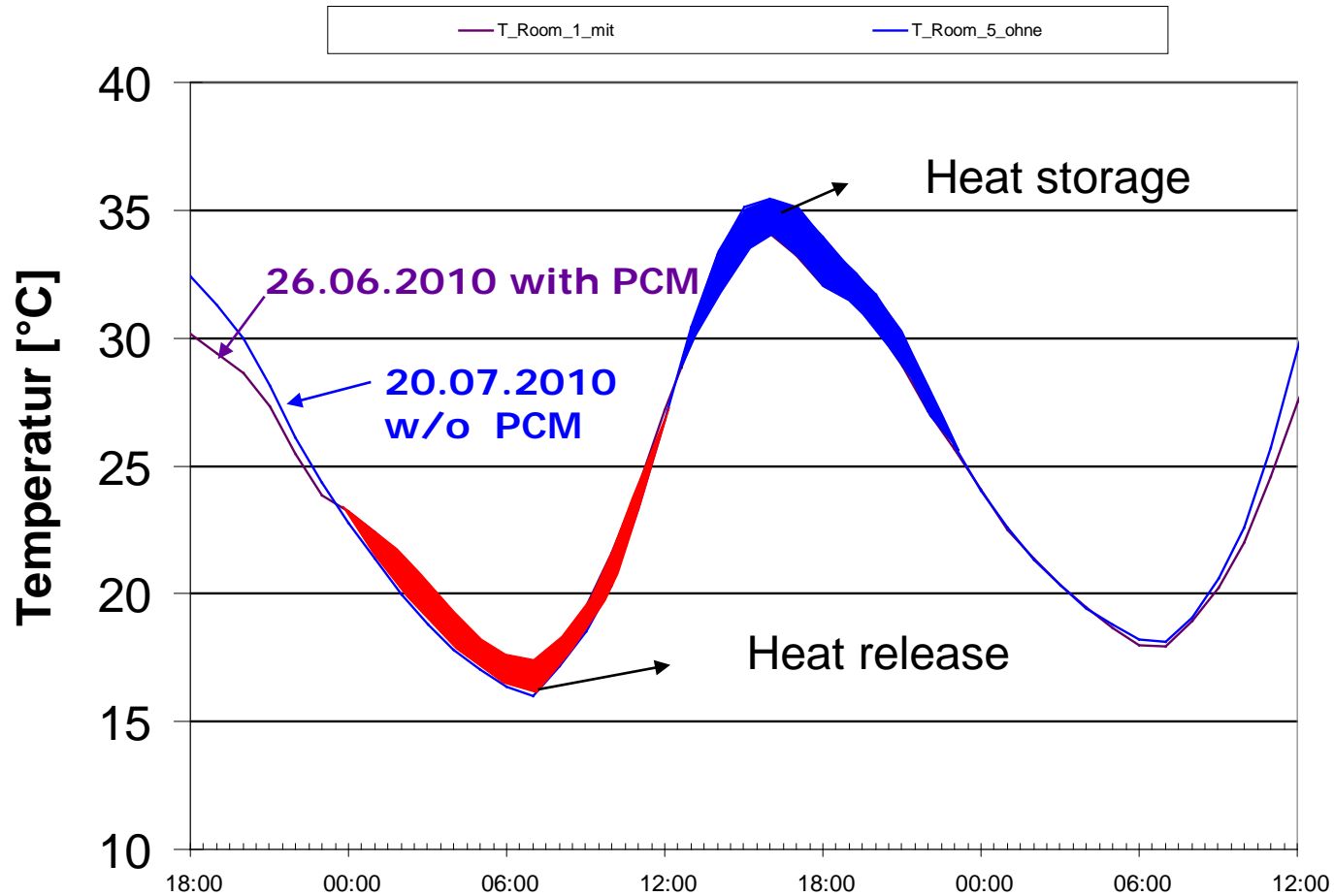
$$\text{Heat due to temperature increase} = 31.58 \times 6.2 \times 2.7 = 528 \text{ kJ}$$

$$\text{Total heating energy} = 5518 \text{ kJ}$$

Measured

$$\text{Total heating energy} = 5718 \text{ kJ}$$

Energy Storage

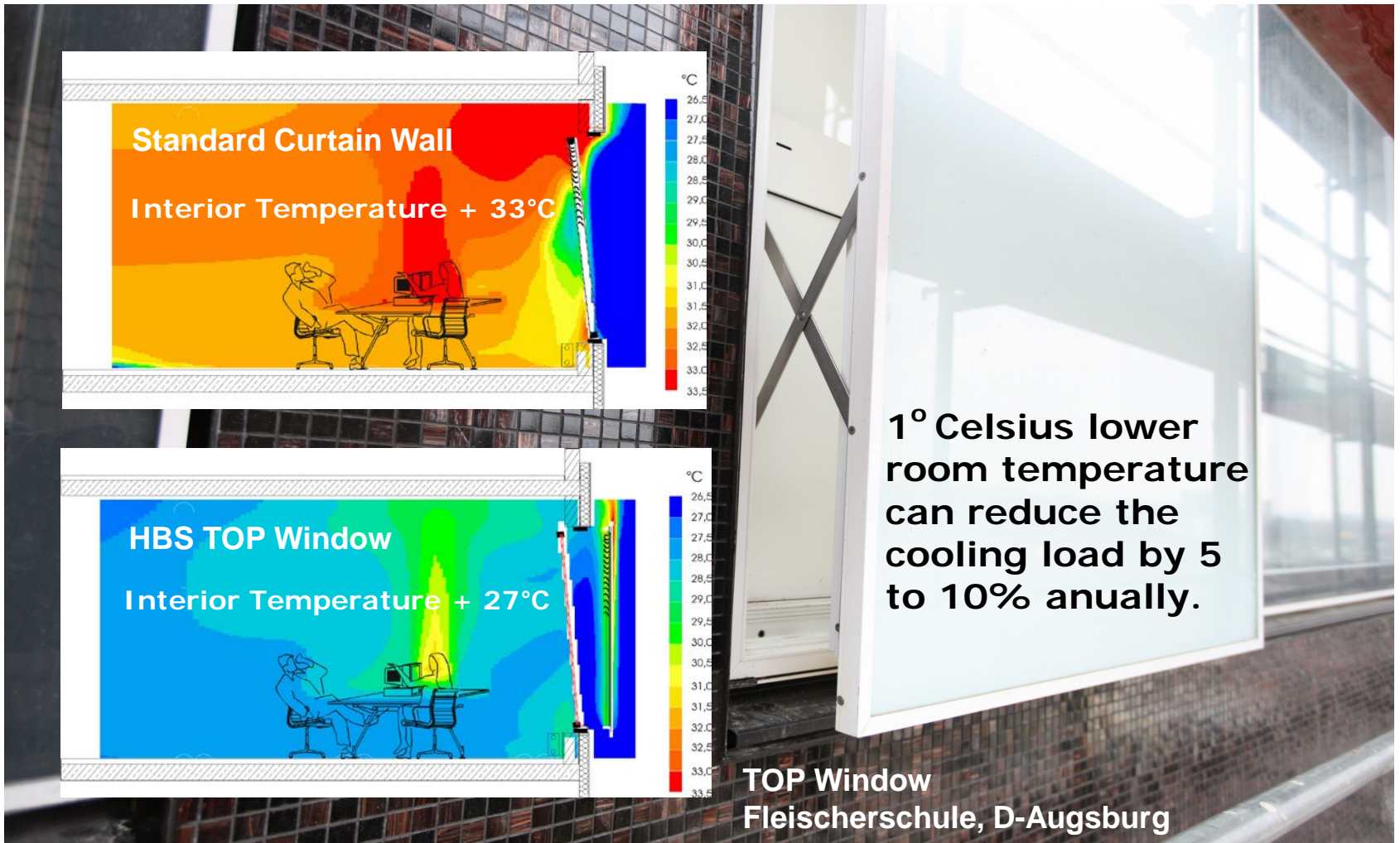




Breathing Facade

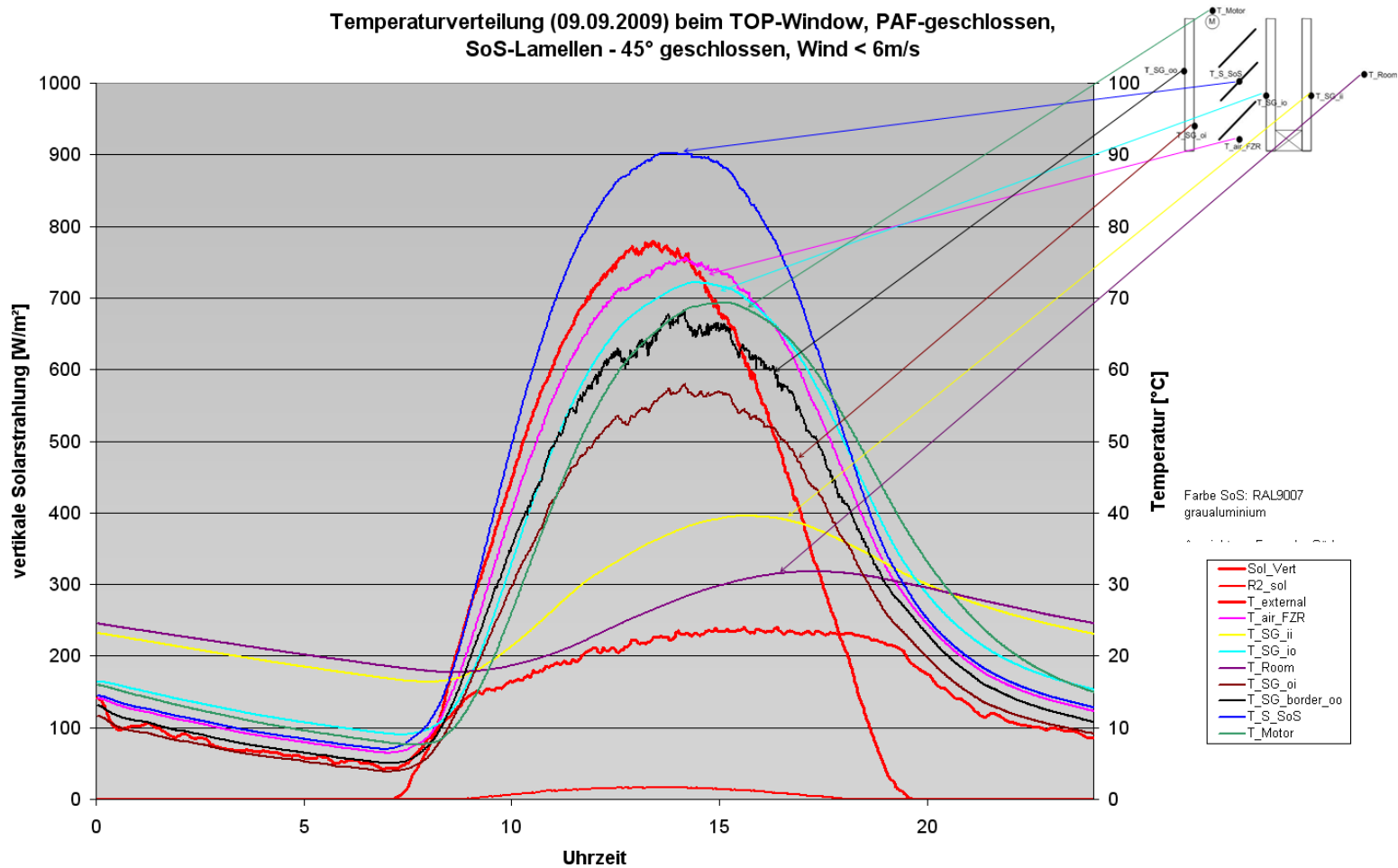
Double Skin Solutions

Impact of the Building Envelope – An Example



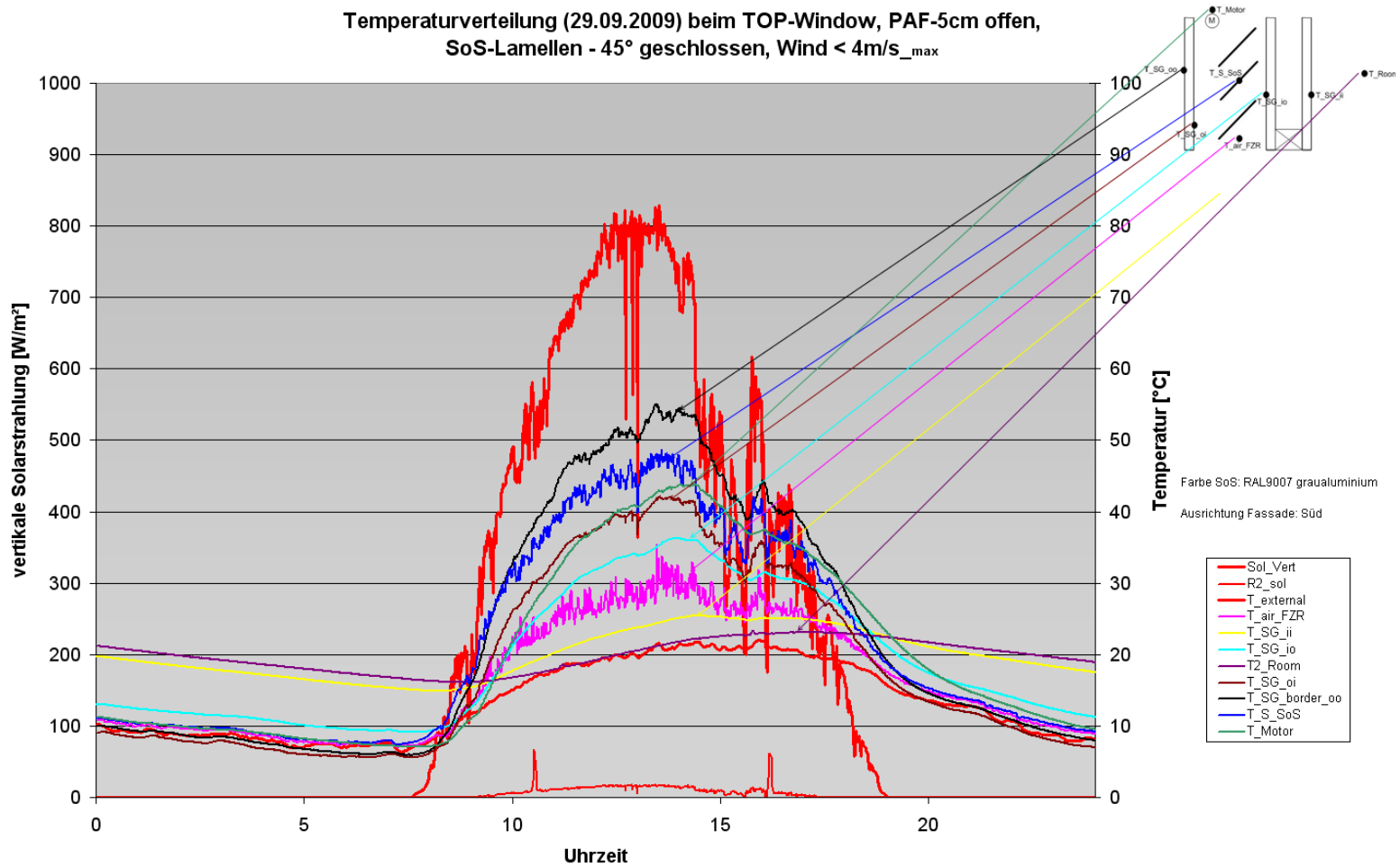
WICLINE 215

Temperaturverteilung (09.09.2009) beim TOP-Window, PAF-geschlossen,
SoS-Lamellen - 45° geschlossen, Wind < 6m/s



WICLINE 215

Temperaturverteilung (29.09.2009) beim TOP-Window, PAF-5cm offen,
SoS-Lamellen - 45° geschlossen, Wind < 4m/s_max



Impact of the Building Envelope – WICLINE 215

U-window = 1.0 W/m²K, g = 0.50

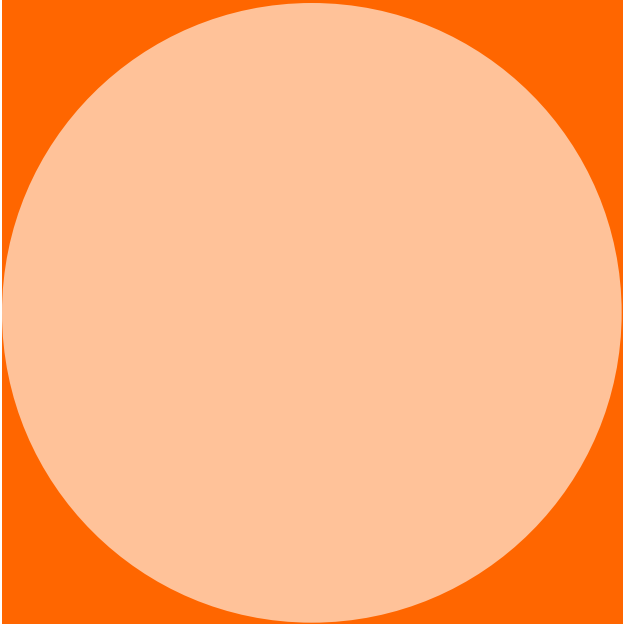


Real Performance incl. annual solar gains:

U eq – North + 0.20 W/m²K

U eq – South - 0.20 W/m²K

**A Window is a solar collector.
Aluminium windows allow higher solar gains.**



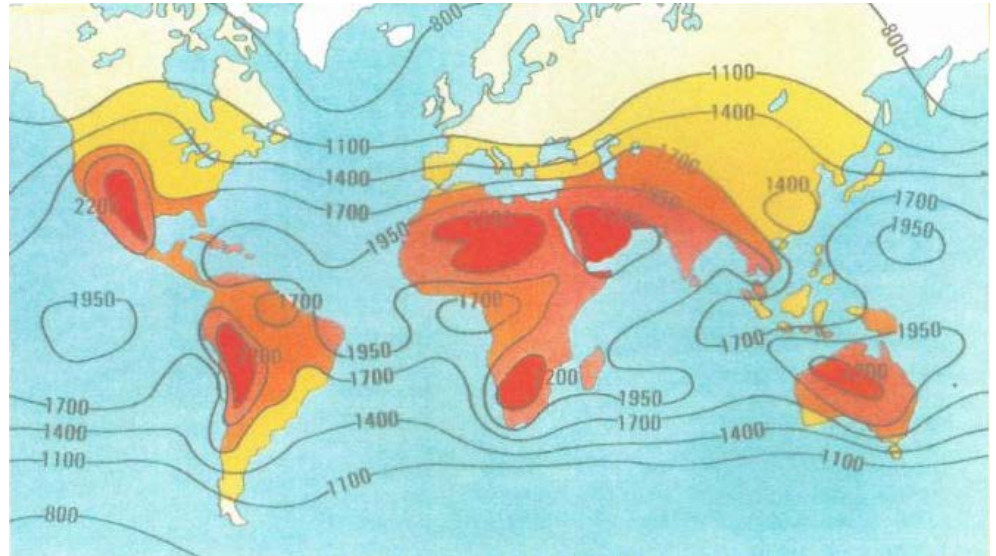
Solar

Building Integration

Possibilities for Solar Application

Solar Systems:

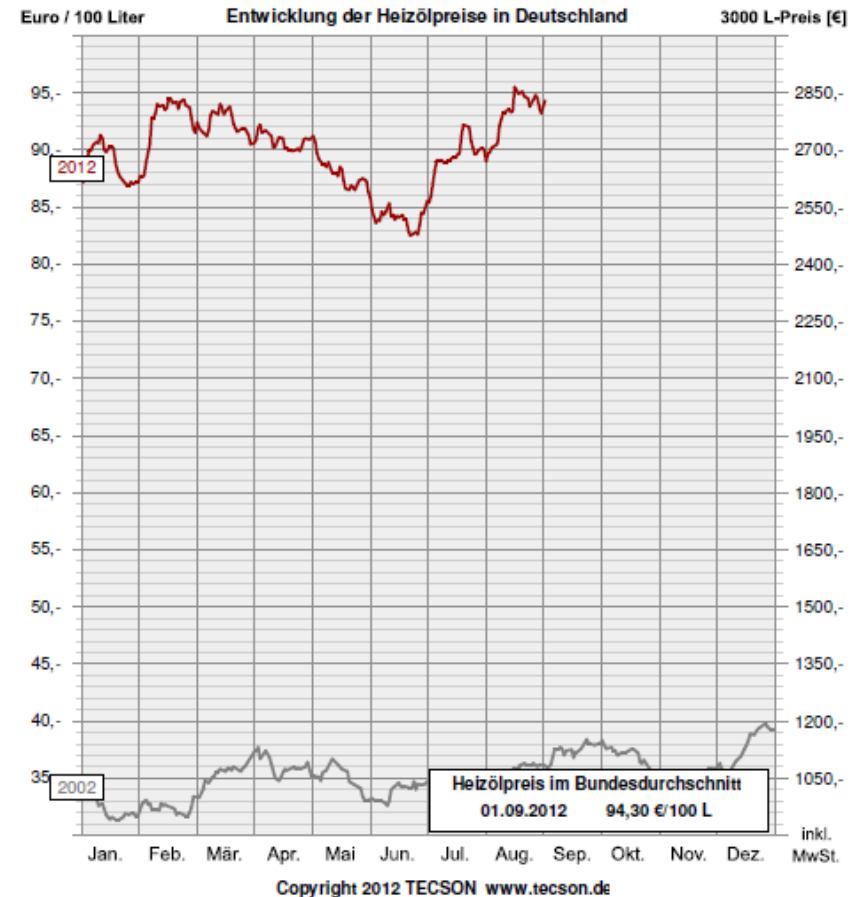
**Annual Solar Energy
In kWh per year**



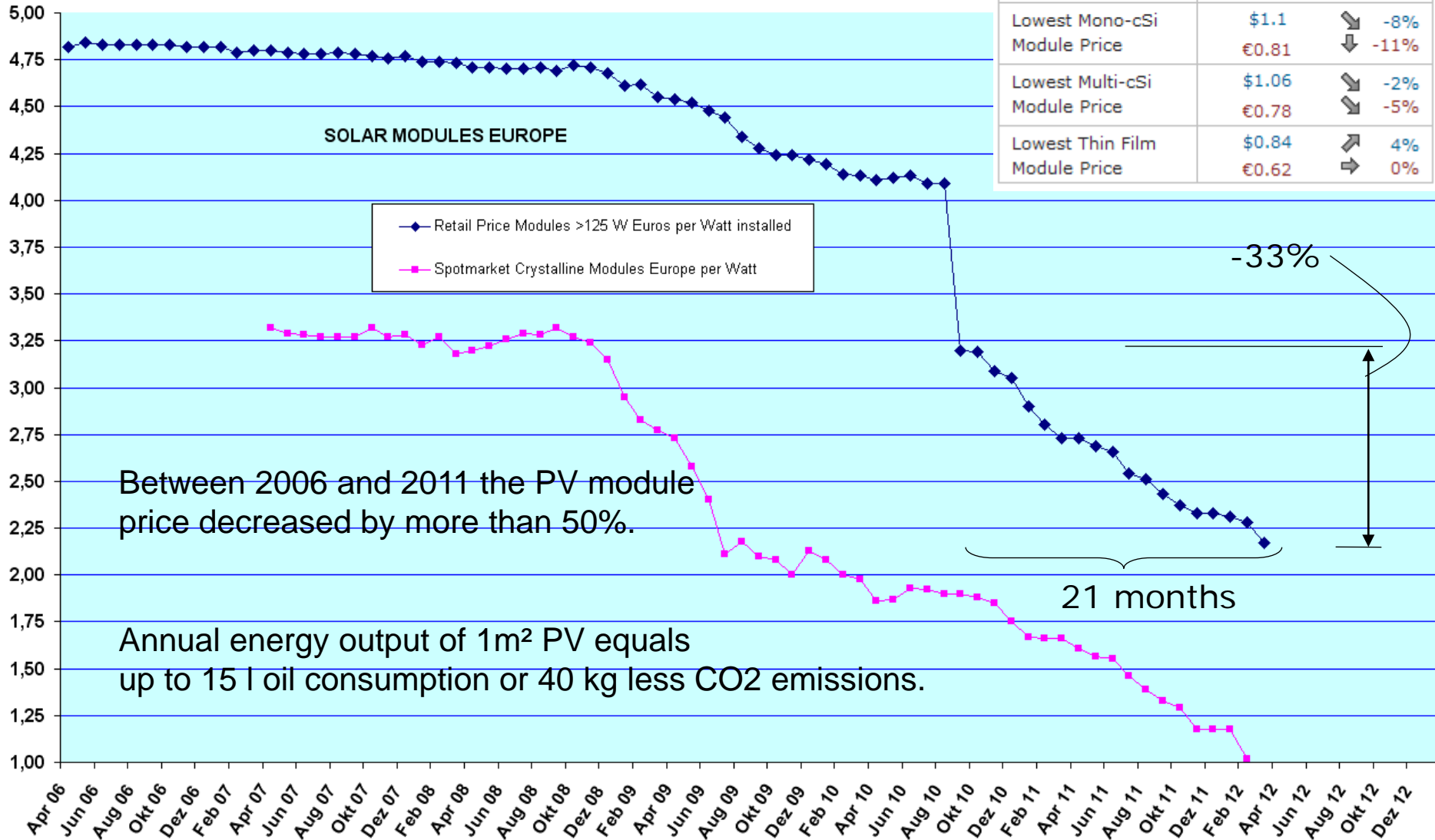
Heating Oil Price Development 2002/2012

Between 2002 and 2012 the heating oil price increased by more than 200%.

1 Liter oil equals
~10 kWh energy
~ 2.64 kg CO₂ emissions

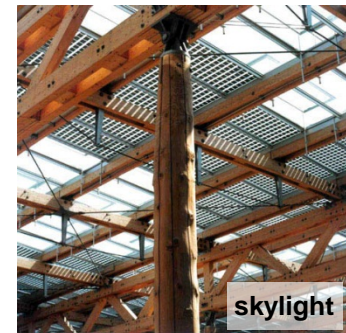
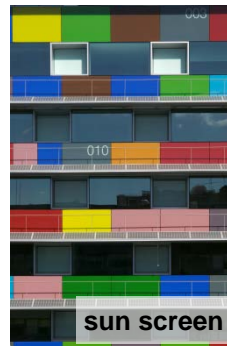


PV Module Price Development 2006-2012 YTD

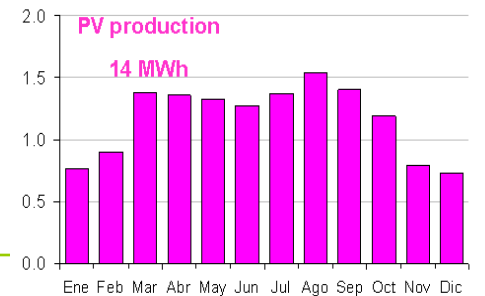
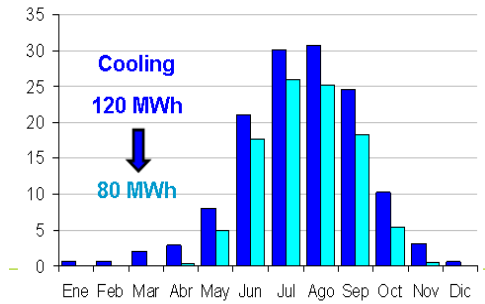
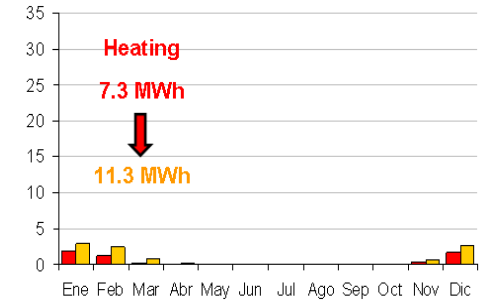
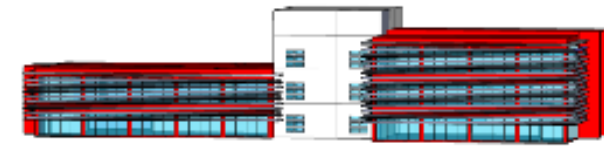
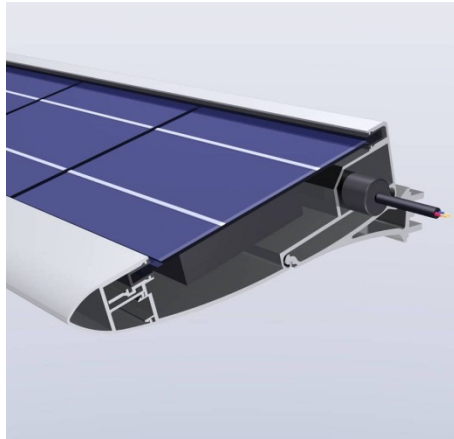
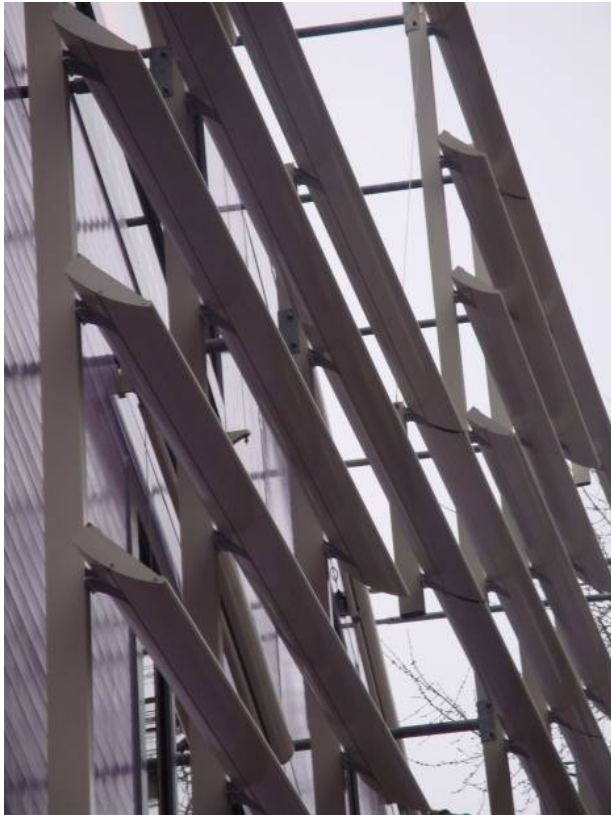


Module Pricing Trends per Watt peak			
United States	\$2.29	↘	0%
Europe	€2.17	↘	-5%
Number of Prices <\$2.00 or €1.54/Wp (34% of survey)	329	↗	9%
Lowest Mono-cSi Module Price	\$1.1 €0.81	↘ ↘	-8% -11%
Lowest Multi-cSi Module Price	\$1.06 €0.78	↘ ↘	-2% -5%
Lowest Thin Film Module Price	\$0.84 €0.62	↗ ↗	4% 0%

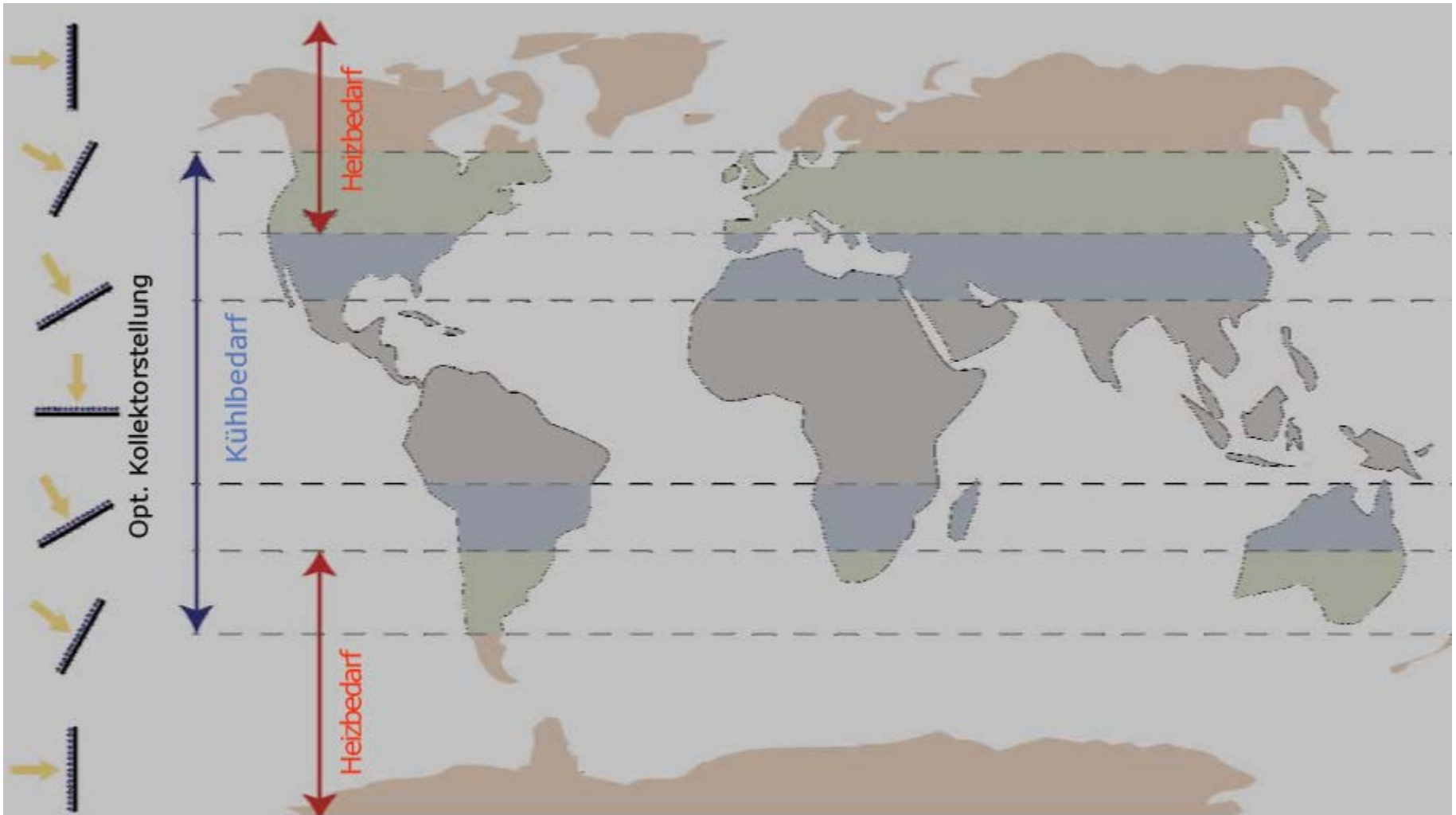
Photovoltaic Building Integration



Photovoltaic Building Integration



Solar Thermal Collector – Optimal Orientation



Solar Thermal

WICTEC CPC

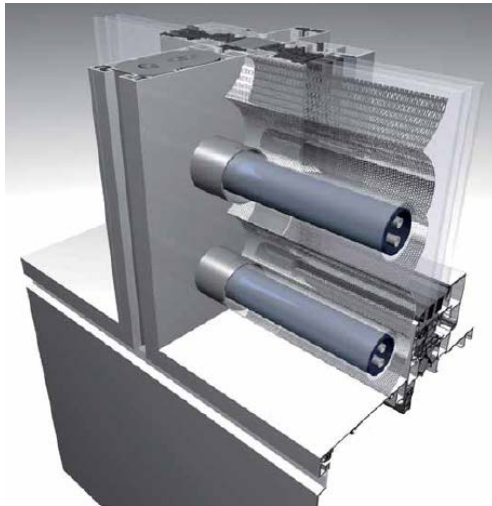
Design Principle:

Curtain wall collector integrated into a double skin solution

Combination with a back packed reflector to increase efficiency

Reflector is semi perforated to enable view through.

Collector liquid of above $+90^{\circ}\text{C}$ enable solar cooling.

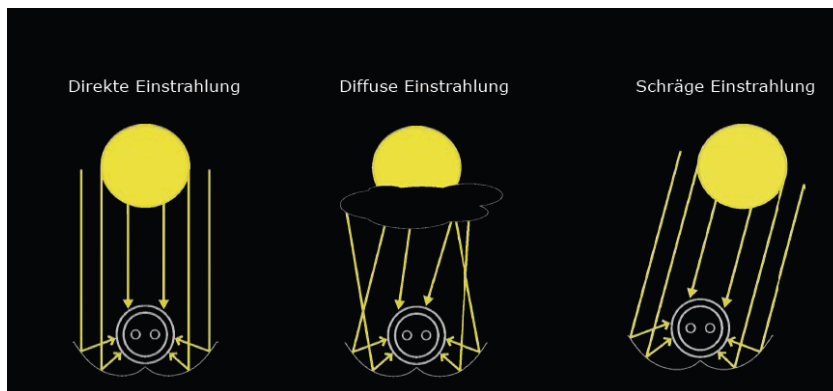


WICTEC CPC – Principle of Function

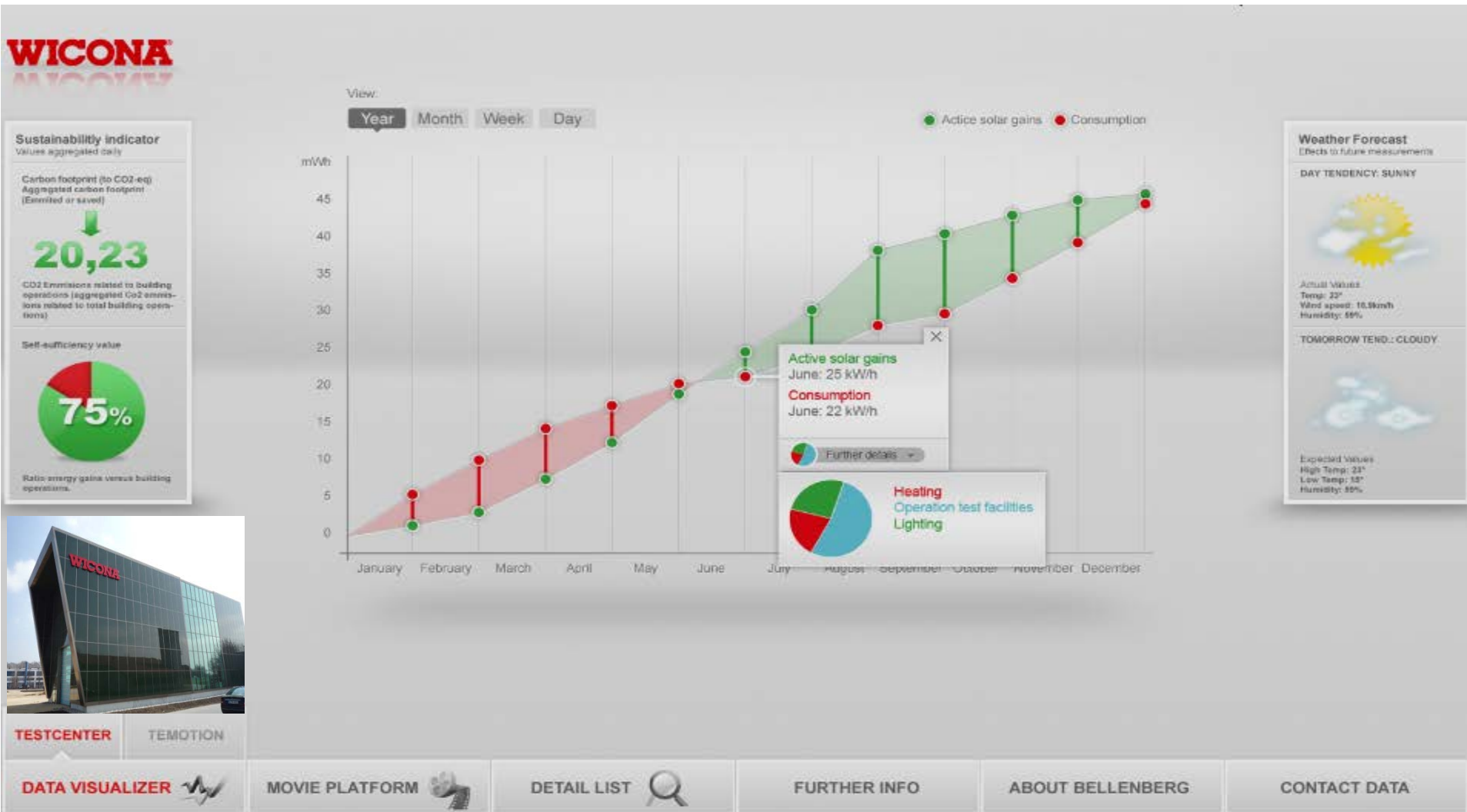
Measurement series made with CPC 12 OEM
and OEM 21 with reflection sheet and perforation
Grades of none, 19%, 30%, 38%, 51%

Collector with and without cover glazing

Energy Gain ~ 250 until 350 kWh/m²a at
south elevation, 90° vertical installation
and 19% perforation grade



Energy + Building – Do it



Future is ...



Sobek



R8 e-tron

... Fusion of Construction and Transportation

Future is „e“, „autarc“ and „lightweight“



www.hydro.com